

***** VERSION SHOWING CHANGES MADE *****

1. (Original) An electrical power connector comprising:

a cord having at least two separated conductors therein having a first end and an opposing second end;

a first male plug permanently connected to the first end; and

a second male plug permanently connected to the second end.

2. (Original) The electrical power connector of claim 1 wherein the first and second male plugs are configured to be accepted within 120 volt, 20 amp outlet receptacles.

3. (Original) The electrical power connector of claim 1 in combination with an alternative power supply comprising at least one source of 120 volt alternating current provided through a first 120 volt outlet receptacle, and said first male plug of the connector is connected to the first 120 volt outlet receptacle in an operating configuration.

4. (Original) The electrical power connector of claim 3 wherein the alternative power supply is powered by an inverter supplied by a direct current battery.

5. (Original) The electrical power connector of claim 4 wherein the at least two separated conductors of the cord further comprises a ground wire with an electrical open preventing the conductance of electricity therethrough and thereby preventing ground loop interference passing through the cord.

6. (Original) The electrical power connector of claim 3 wherein the alternative power supply further comprises a charger connected to the batteries.

7. – 8. (Cancelled)

9. (Currently Amended) A method of utilizing a temporary power connector having a cord with at least two electrically insulated conductors therein, a first end and an opposing second end, a first male plug on the first end, and a second male plug on the second end, said method comprising the steps of:

a) opening at least one breaker in an electrical distribution system of one of a vehicle and a building, said electrical distribution system normally powered by an alternating power source;

b) plugging the first male plug into a first outlet of the electrical distribution system downstream of the opened at least one breaker; and

c) plugging the second male plug into a second outlet of an alternative power source, said alternative power source providing alternating current to a selected portion of the electrical distribution system downstream of the at least one breaker through the second outlet.

10. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein the step of plugging the first male plug into the first outlet further comprises plugging a first 120 volt male plug into a first 120 volt outlet.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10 wherein the step of plugging the second male plug into the second outlet further comprises plugging a second 120 volt male plug into a second 120 volt outlet.

12. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein the first male plug is plugged into the first outlet prior to plugging the second plug into the second outlet.

13. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein the electrical distribution system further comprises an electrical distribution box and the step of opening the at least one breaker further comprises opening the main breakers coming into the electrical distribution box from the normal alternating current power source.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the step of plugging the first male plug into the first outlet further comprises plugging a first 240 volt male plug into the first 240 volt outlet and the step of plugging the second male plug into the second outlet further comprises plugging a second 240 volt male plug into the second 240 volt outlet.

15. (Original) The method of claim 9 further comprising the step of securing undesired loads from the selected portion of the electrical distribution system.

16. – 20. (Cancelled)